

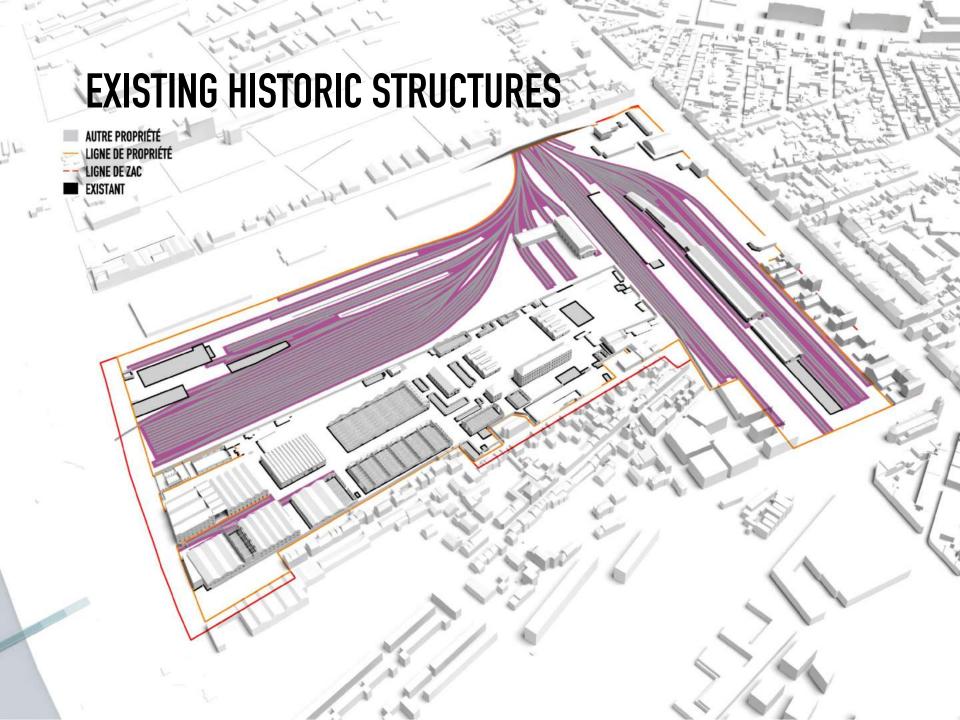
Every week a new house is built in our Vertical Village, and suddenly a new neighbour becomes part of our community. So do new shops, facilities and gardens. It's exciting to be part of an ever-evolving development, and it's beautiful to see everyone's wishes come true and the diversity this creates.

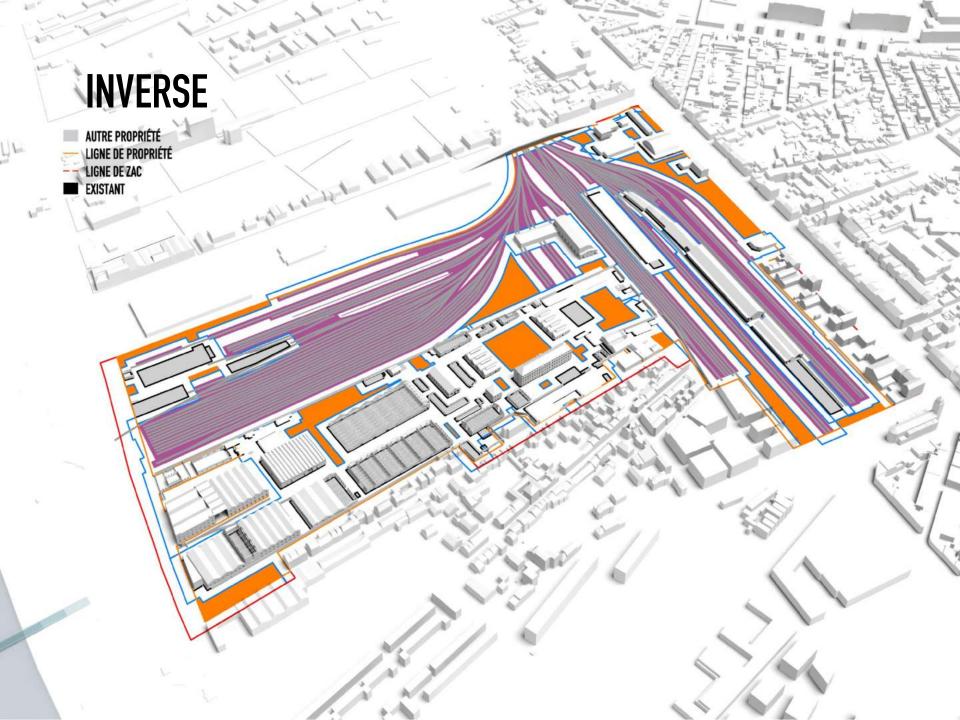


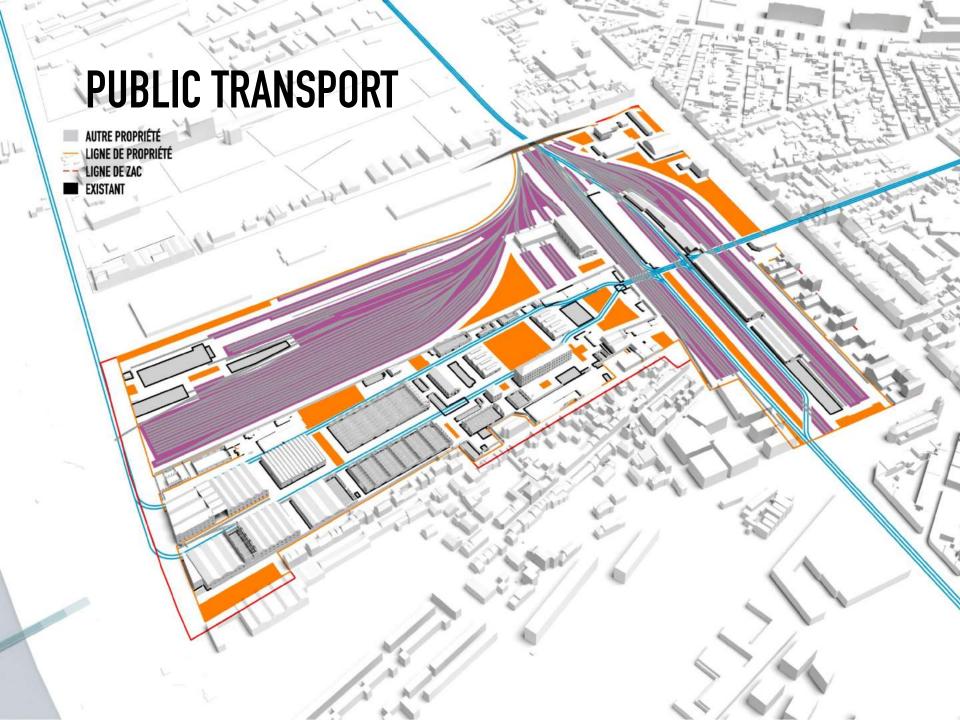


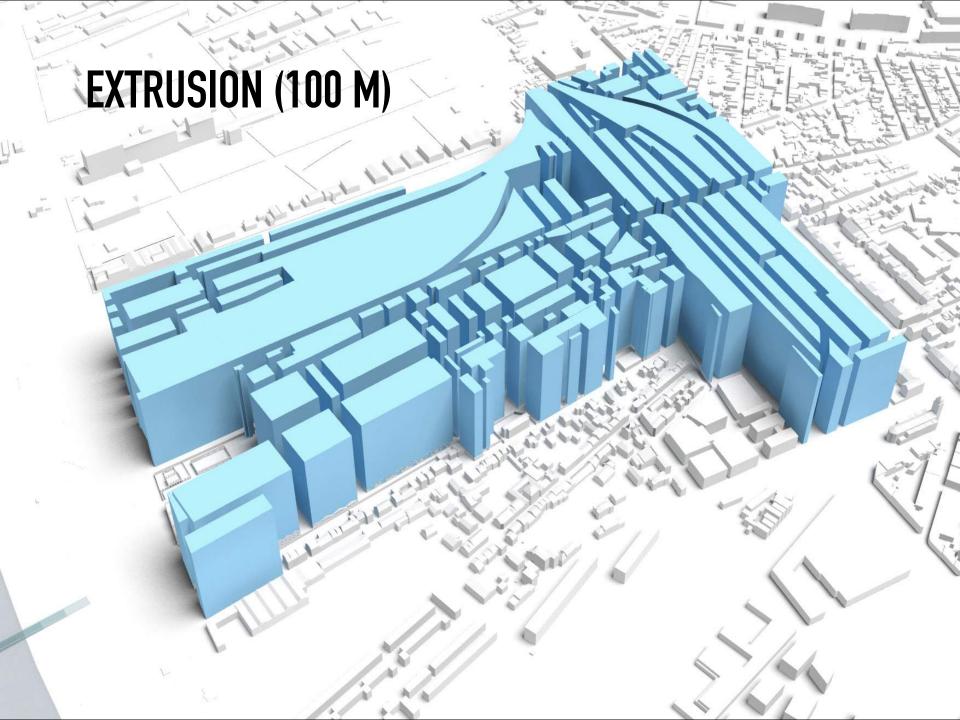
Bastide Niel Bordeaux, FR 2010-

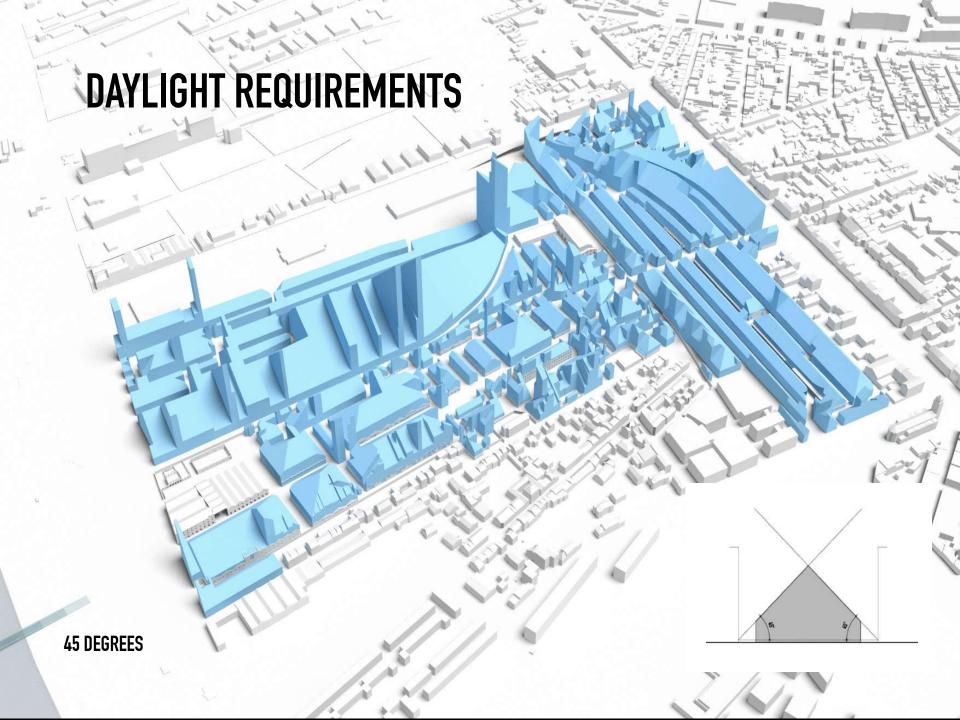
parameters: day light, sunlight

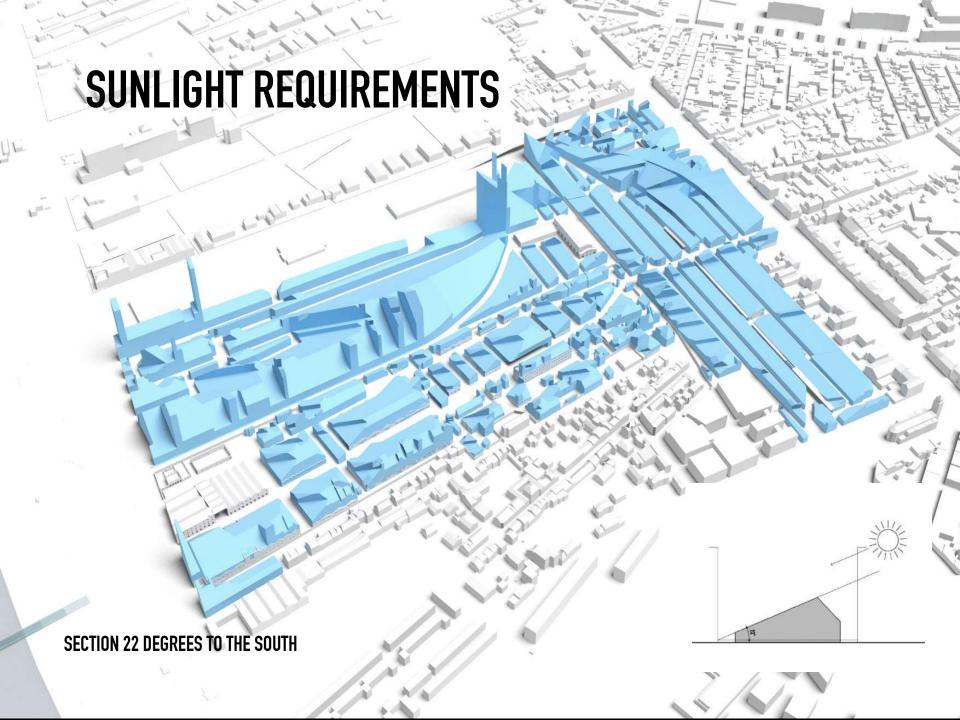


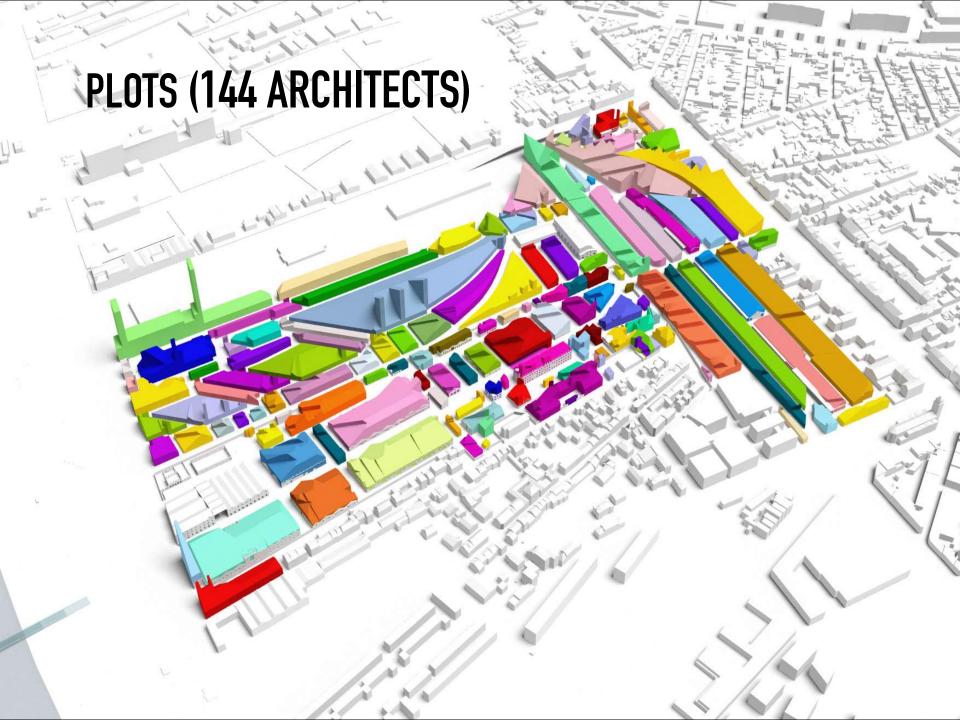












NATURAL VENTILATION REQUIREMENTS DEPTH: 15M (BALCONY AND GALLERY INCLUDED)

BIM as collaborative model

- process of negotiation
- real time collaboration
- confronting the desires of different parties
- failure costs are significantly reduced

MVRDV office











INTERNATIONAL PROJECTS



MVRDV

UNIBAL
ING Real Estate
VANTONE

Local Architects

Dutch Ministry

Dutch Ministry

VROM NAi

Berlage Institute

t?f

Rotterdam Amsterdam

Schiphol NS ProRail

Dutch DFA

ETH Zurich

MIT

Berlin University

French Ministry of Culture

Arcadis ABT

Serpentine Gallery Boymans Van Beuningen

ARUP VPRO BBC

HAPPOLD JUT

William McDonough

droog

West 8
TOPOTEK

Richard Hutten Jurgen Bey

THONIK

AVL









MVRDV buildings 2014

parameters:

users, social media

MVRDV Buildings nai010 publishers



- •8243 PRESS RELEASE DATABASE
- •32024 FOLLOWERS ON TWITTER
- •5000 FRIENDS ON FACEBOOK (MAX)
- •33034 FANS ON FACEBOOK
- •190 GROUP ON LINKEDIN
- •917 SUBSCRIBERS YOUTUBE
- •7253 FRIENDS ON WEIBO
- •690 FRIENDS ON RENREN

Direct contact with **87,351** interested subscribers





The iconic profile of the Didden Village has become a landmark in the neighbourhood. Didden has a theory that air traffic controllers use the house to guide helicopters travelling from the airport to the city centre. The blue is such a strong colour in this brown neighbourhood when seen from the air,' he says. It's just as useful to people on the ground. You can easily find the building without an address. If you approach the extension on foot as you walk down the leafy streets of Middelland, the extension suddenly appears, a striking if surreal presence in an island of homogeneity in a sea of heterogeneity.

The problem, though, is that the house as a landmark is visible to all—including the architectural tourist, whose curiosity is often satisfied at the expense of the family's need for privacy. When we opened the house to virtually everyone, our family almost became famous. There is a picture of my son in his bedroom, looking kind of sad and alone, surrounded by his teddy bears—like a rich kid with more toys than love. Apparently a crowd pleaser during lectures,' says 'Van de Kamp. Jan, who now studies architecture, puts it more plainly: 'I hated the tourists in my bedroom.'

Even with the doorbell ringing, the interior of the Didden Village feels remarkably private. A quiet, leafy outdoor patio separates the three gabled houses: a larger one for the parents' bedroom and two smaller, attached ones for their sons. Enclosed on all four sides by a parapet, this space is open to the sky, yet sheltered from its neighbours.



To stand on a rooftop in Rotterdam without being able to see the city—except in specific instances where the parapet has been cut to frame a particular view—is a strange experience that suggests that the extension has more in common with the suburban home than the luxury penthouse. It turns its back on the views of the city and instead distils the experience of the home into its purest forms: privacy, open space, and fresh air.

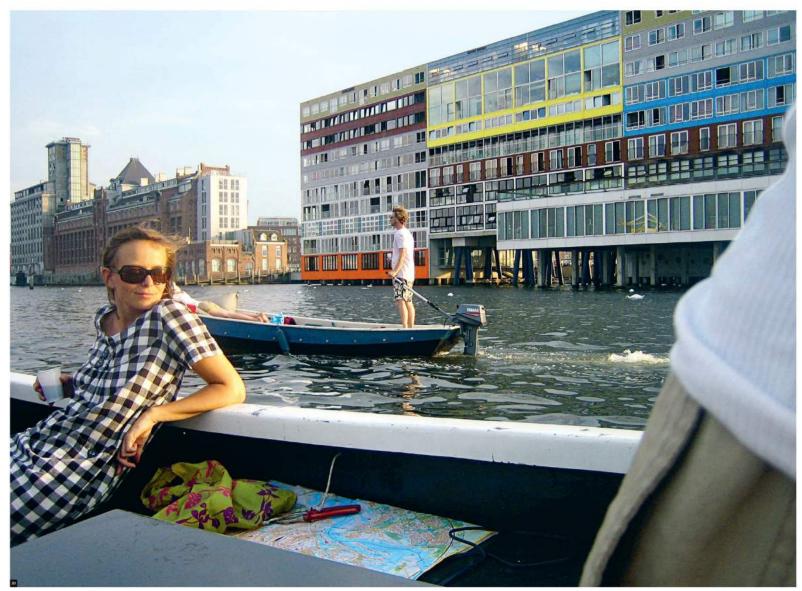
Each little house is connected to the kitchen and living room on the third floor via its own staircase. Hanging from a secondary metal structure that rests upon the existing roof, they spiral down until they end one tread short of the floor. Changes to the existing house, which is listed, have been kept to a minimum of three holes, one for each staircase. Theoretically, the entire rooftop extension, made of lightweight wood, can be easily removed without damage to the original structure.

Not everyone can afford the investment, time and effort that the Didden Village required. There are still plenty of kinks that need to be figured out. But beyond its parapet walls is a sea of untapped opportunity—one which neighbours are already starting to take advantage of with activities as simple as furnishing. One neighbour has even installed a garden shed on his roof.

'Using your roof is really smart. Everyone should try to do it in their own way. If you like roses, install a conservatory; if you like books, create a library; if you want



TP194 249



80 TP028 TP028 21











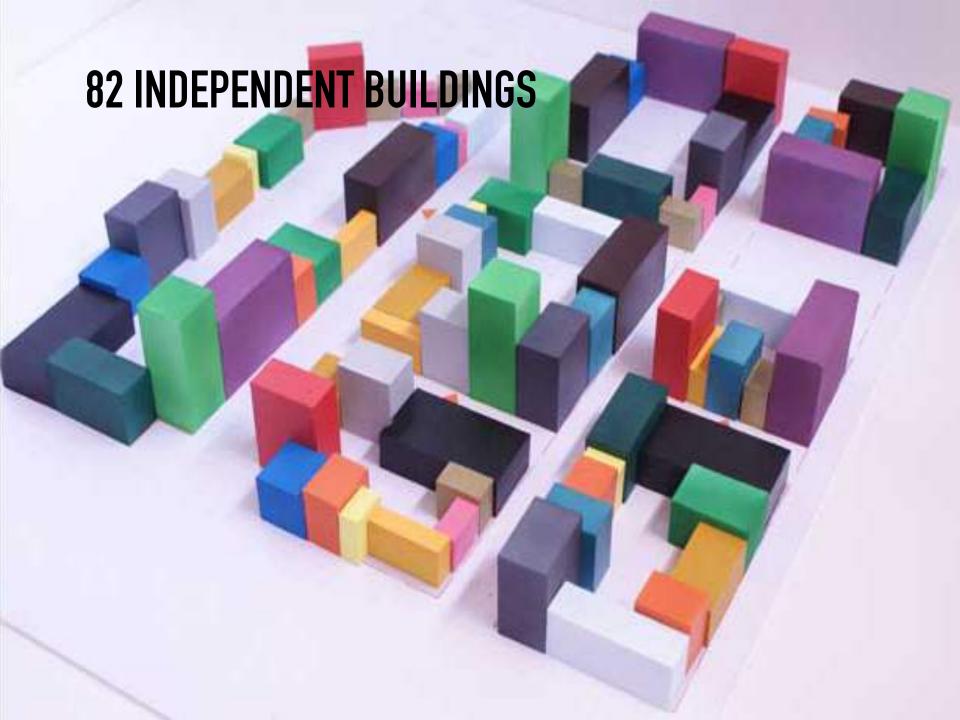
388 TP524 TP524 389

Olympiaquarter Almere, NL 2008–2012

parameters:

costs, construction, diversity









Invited offices:

2012 Architects. Netherlands **Atelier Bow Wow, Japan** Baumschlager & Eberle, Austria BKK-3 Architektur. Austria Breitman et Breitman. France Bruno Albert Architecte & Associés, Belgium **Charles Vandenhove Architecture, Belgium** Cobe, Denmark DierendonckBlancke Architects, Belgium Édouard François, France **Guallart Architects, Spain** Herreros, Spain JDS Architects, Denmark, Belgium Jürgen Mayer H., Germany

Krier Kohl, Luxemburg **LOT-EK. United States** Monadnock. Netherlands Onix. Netherlands **Powerhouse Company, Netherlands** Sadar Vuga Arhitekti, Slovenia Studio Gang, United States Urban Think Tank. Venezuela Van Bergen Kolpa Architecten, Netherlands Yasutaka Yoshimura Architects, Japan















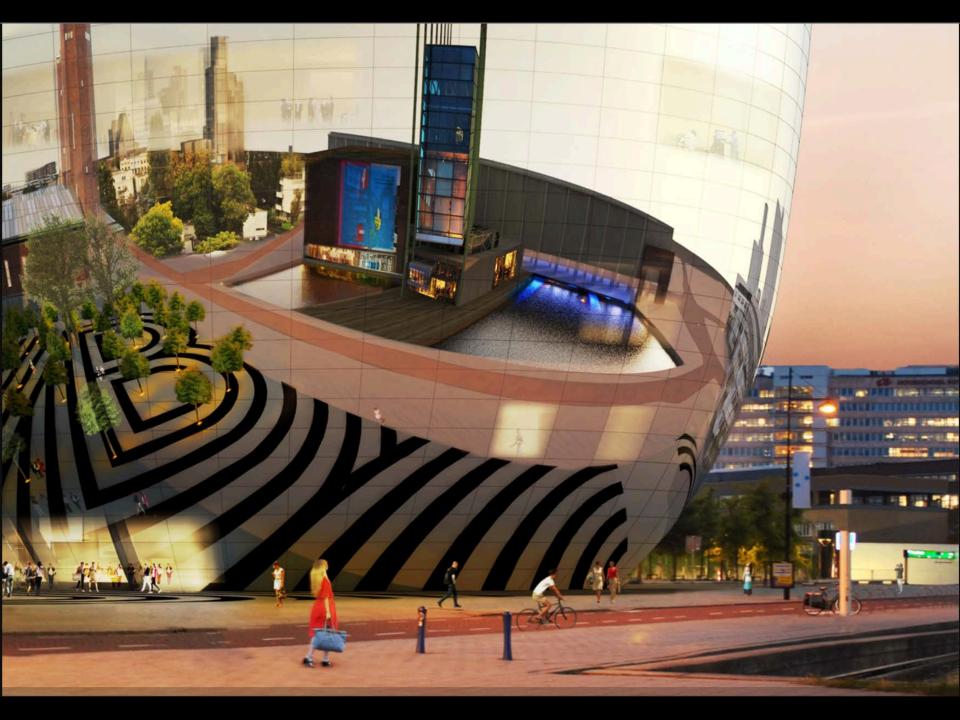
Public Art Depot Rotterdam,

2013-

parameters:

impact footprint streetlevel, costs (facade/floor ratio)

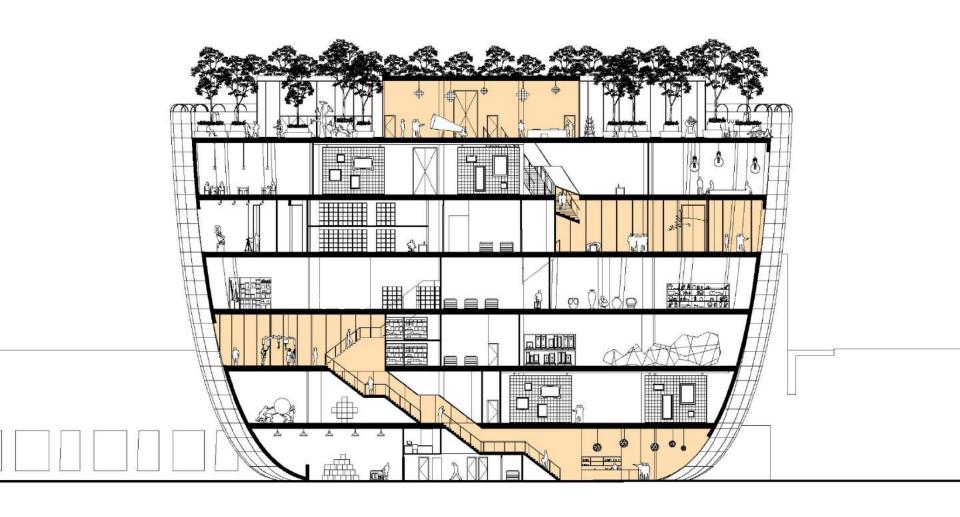


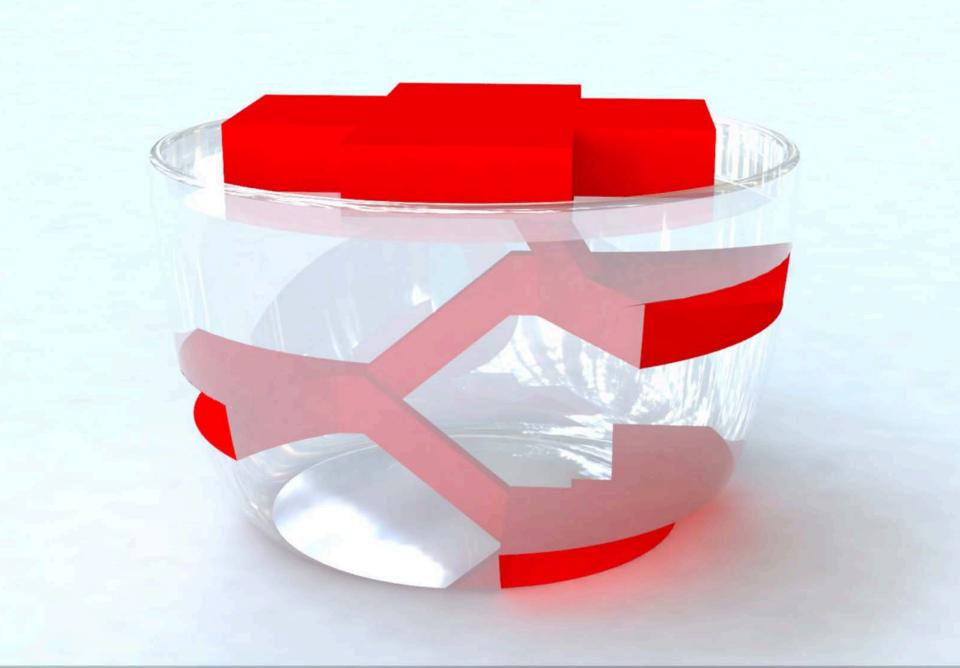












Ku-Be Frederiksberg, Denmark 2009–2016

parameters:

program elements

