# LARKAS & LAINE





































Creating architecture with Building Information Model (BIM)

#### LARKAS & LAINE ARCHITECTS LTD.

Personnel 55 Founded 1993 Turnover 5.0 M€

Location Helsinki Lauttasaari

Group executive management



Robert Trapp CEO, partner



Niklas Sucksdorff Chairman of the board, partner



Harri Koskinen Executive director, partner



Pekka Piha, Senior adviser, partner



Harri Salminen partner



#### AREAS OF EXPERTISE

**COMMERCIAL** 

Offices / Shopping Centers/ Retail Park Concepts

**RESIDENTIAL** 

**HOTELS** 

New Construction and Adaptive Re-Use

URBAN PLANNING, LAND USE PLANNING

Master Planning for Office, Retail and Residential Areas

**FACILITIES DEVELOPMENT** 

Renovations and Adaptive Re-Use

**INTERIOR DESIGN** 

Optimization of efficiency in space use and design of interior layouts.

VISUALIZATION & DATA MODELING, BIM

3D images and animations available in all design phases

SPECIAL KNOW-HOW:

**BUILDING INFORMATION MODELS** 

BIM model used and developed throughout all design phases

**ENVIRONMENTAL AND ENERGY CONSULTANCY** 

LEED, BREEAM certifications, energy and life-cycle calculations



#### **ENVIRONMENTAL AND ENERGY CONSULTATION**

#### SERVICES OFFERED BY OUR ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENT TEAM:

- -Environmental certifications for buildings (LEED and BREEAM)
- -Building energy efficiency consultation
- -Building life cycle consultation

Environmental certificates bring energy efficient and environmentally friendly way of working to each phase of our projects.

Energy consultation includes design of efficient energy use, energy simulations and analysis, energy certificates and reports

We conduct building life cycle cost analysis (LCC, Life Cycle Cost) and carbon footprint studies in evaluating different design options.

#### Memberships:

Green Office Network
FiGBC (Finnish Green Building Council)
USGBC (U.S. Green Building Council)



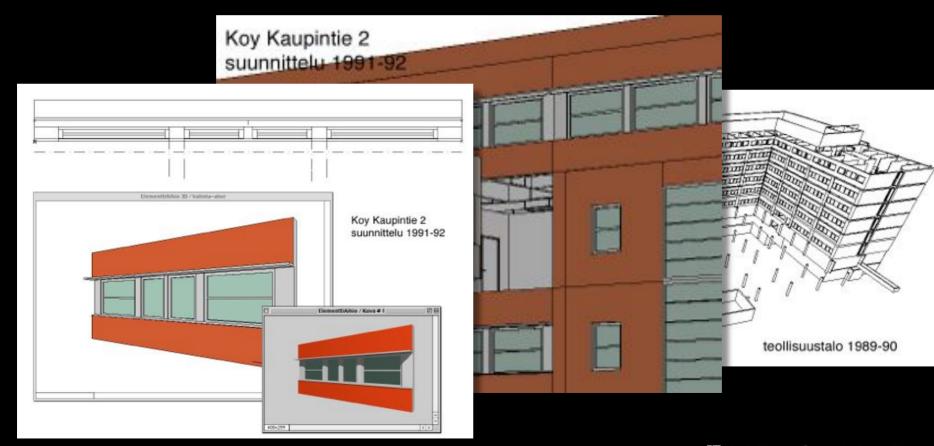






### HISTORY OF 3D MODELING IN OUR OFFICE

- Our office has been using Computer Aided 3D Modeling since the early '90s
- We create BIM models with ArchiCAD software



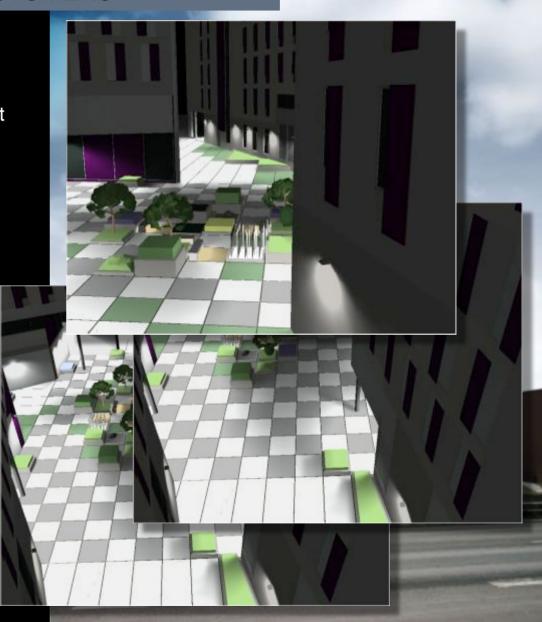
## WE USE BIM BECAUSE

- Our designing tool
- Assuring the quality and accuracy of design
- Inhouse project management
- More efficient design process
- Creating all drawings with BIM
- Ease of visualizing design solutions



### BENEFITS OF BIM FOR OUR CUSTOMERS

- Better opportunity to compare design solutions
- Possibility to get information for building cost calculations
- BIM available for other designers in the project
- Possibility to have better presentation / marketing materials (including animations)
- BIM available for eg. energy and efficency simulations
- BIM available for construction site use



#### THESE DOCUMENTS WE CREATE WITH BIM

Visualization material of the design at all phases of a project

Marketing

#### Drawings (2D):

•Plans, sections, elevations, floor and ceiling drawings

Quantities of building components:

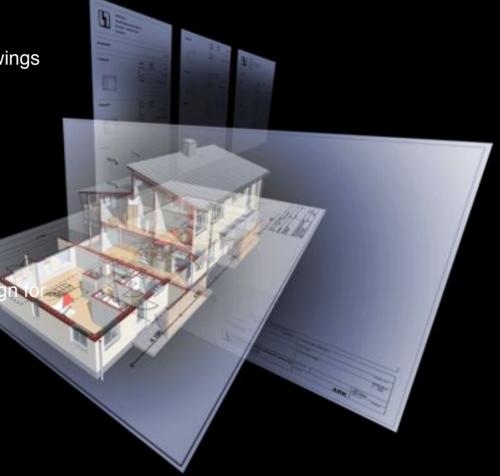
•Windows, doors, furniture etc

#### Building in numbers:

- Area information
- •Volumes
- •number of eg. parkingplaces

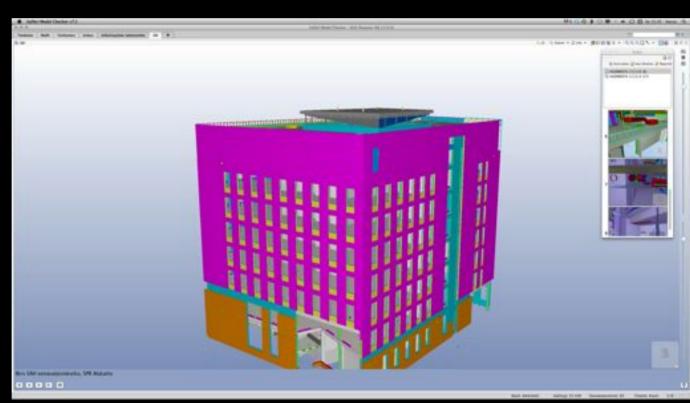
3D views from the model to demonstrate the design those involved:

- Users
- Clients
- Authorities
- Building site



### HOW WE CHECK THE MODEL

- ·Importance of an accurate model
- Tools to check the accuracy of the model
  - •Our experience, highly trained staff
  - •Checking software : Solibri Model Checker 7.1
  - •Our own desing guidelines METHOD
  - Combination models
  - Clients check lists



## CONTINIOUS DEVELOPMENT OF USING BIM



- Quality control program
- Design guideline "Method"Careful inhouse guidance
- - -- all these continuously updated
- Training / studying
- Research projects (TEKES)
- Inhouse development group
- Participating in pilot projects
- Open mind to try and learn new things

## OUR LEADING ROLE IN DEVELOPMENT OF BIM

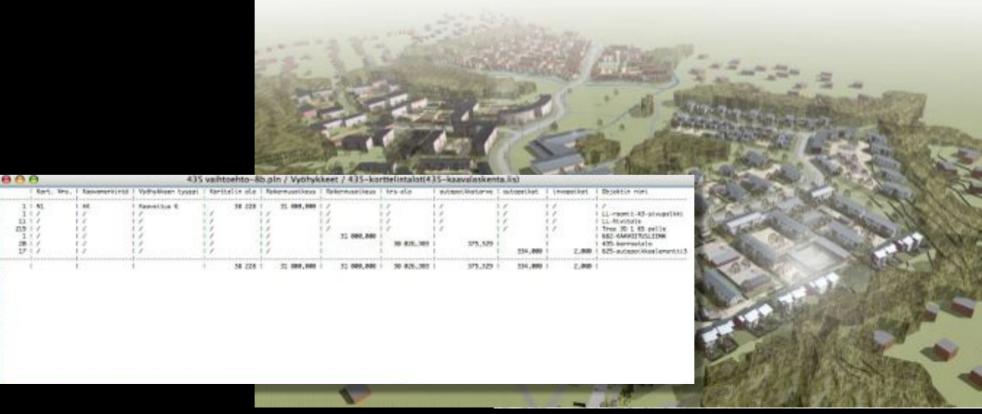
- Inhouse resources to study and test
- We have been a Beta- ja Alpha tester for Graphisoft
- Inhouse GDL-programming and schooling
- We have been architects in different BIM pilot projects
- We have been partner in research projects(TEKES)



## HOW WE USE BIM IN MASTER PLANNING

- Master Plan and Mass model of the design area
- Illustrations of the design
- Intelligent in-house developed objects for area and volume information including parking space requirements





# BIM IN THE FIRST SKETCHES OF A BUILDING DESIGN

- Mass models of a building project
- Building volumes and area information
- Presentation material of the preliminary design to the customer and the City



# VISUALIZATION FOR DESING AND MARKETING

- Still images -Artlantis Studio and Cinema 4D
- Animations
- QuickTime models
- BimX Virtual Building Explorer models



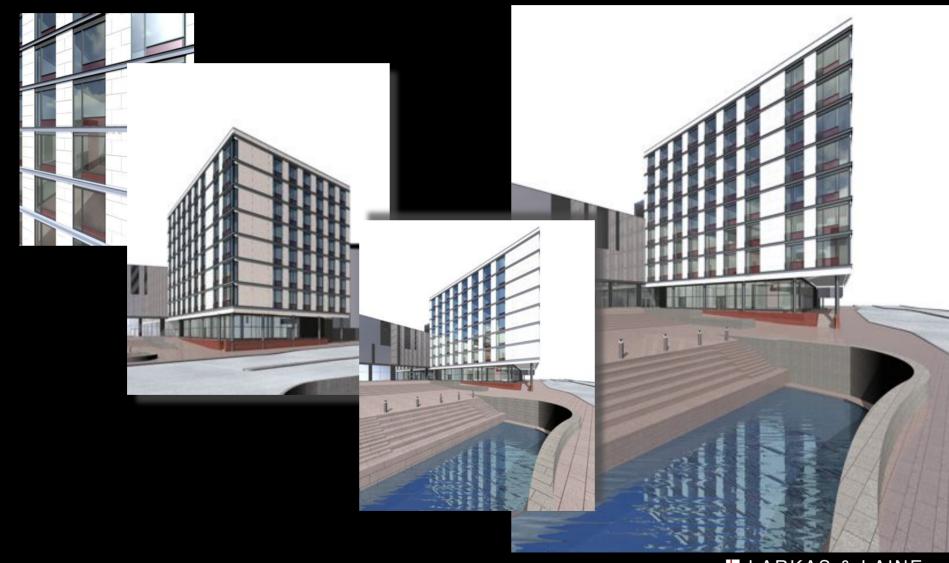
# VISUALIZATION FOR CITY PLANNING

- Simplify building permit process with authorities
- Some cities in Finland are developing IFC-format to their building permit standard





DESIGNING FACADE; OPENINGS AND RYTHM



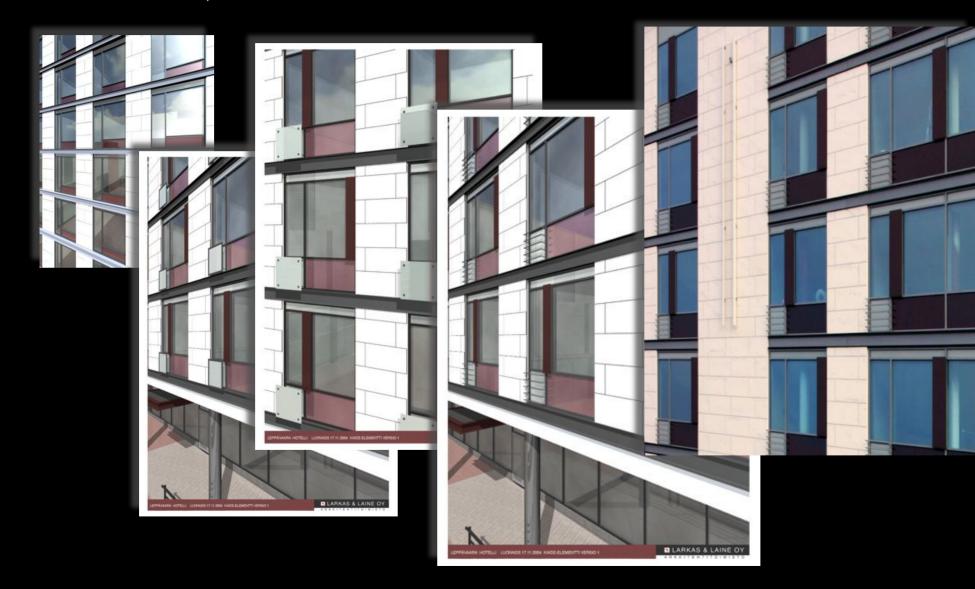
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DESIGNING FACADE; DETAILS



PRESENTING THE MODEL WITH EXISTING SURROUNDINGS TROUGH PHOTOMONTAGE

LARKAS & LAINE

ARCHITECTS

## MARKETING VISUALIZATION AND BUILDING AFTER COMPLETION

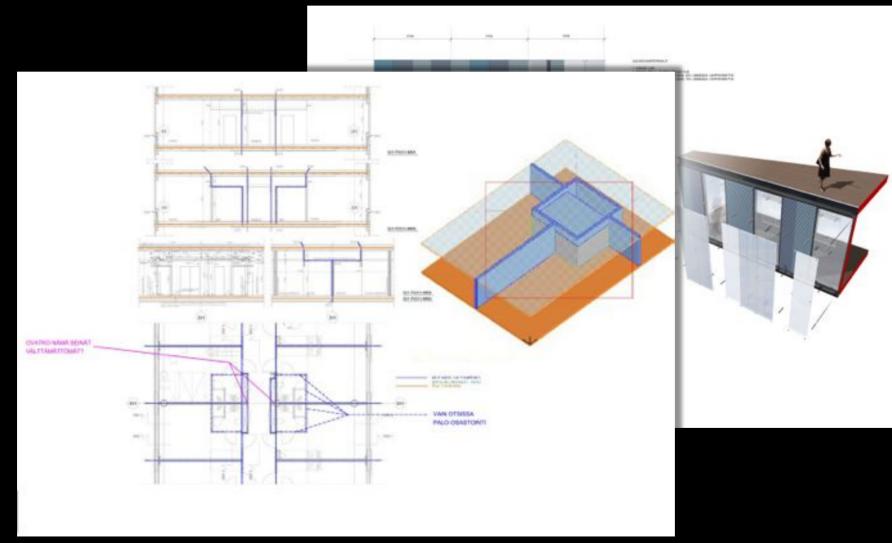




#### 2D DRAWINGS AND QUANTITIES FROM THE ONE MODEL



PRESENTING CLEAR AND ACCURATE TECHNICAL INFORMATION FOR CONSTRUCTION SITE



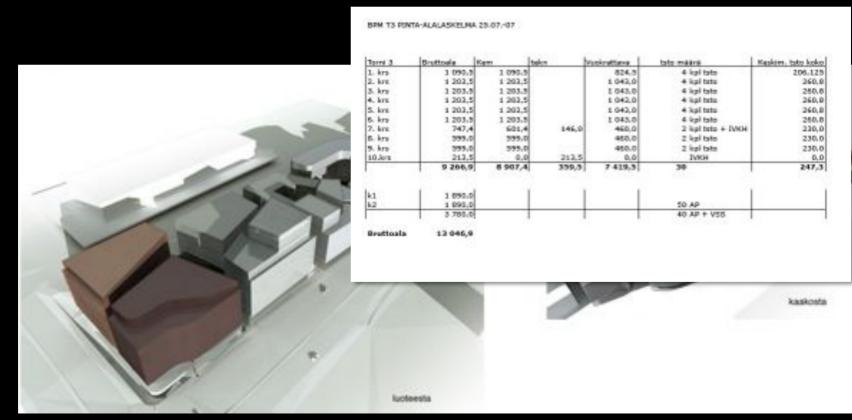


Client Skanska Commercial Development Finland Oy

- Headquarters and office complex
- Helsinki, Ruskeasuo
- 26000 brm²
- Completition phase 1 and 2 2012

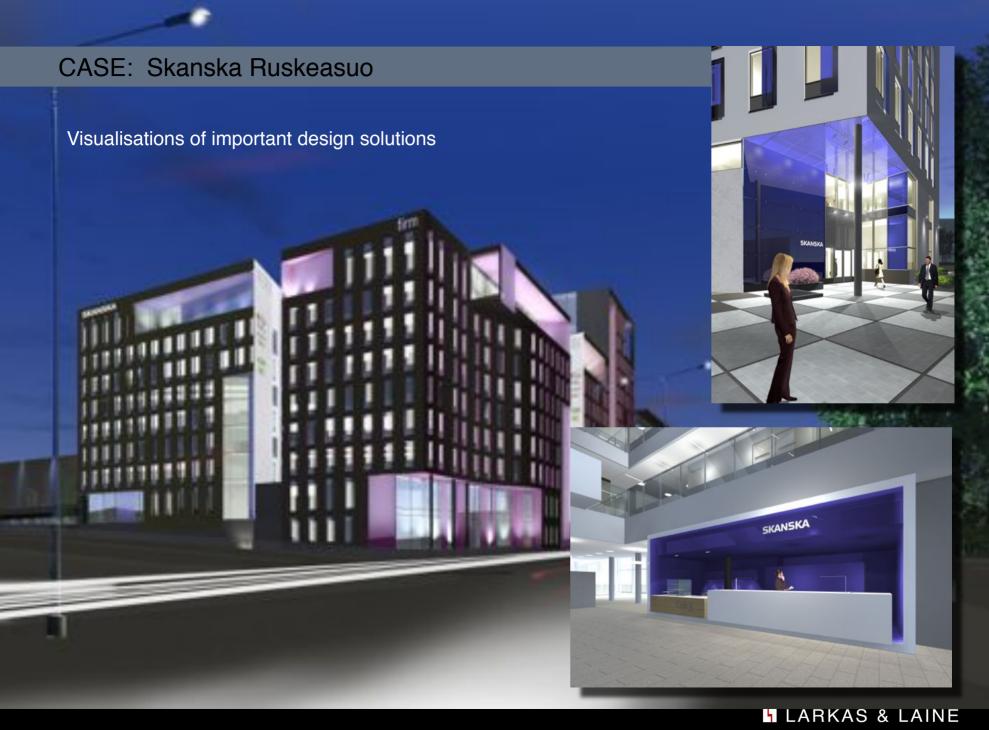


- BIM Pilot project with Skanska Commercial Development
- BIM has been used since the preliminary sketches of area layout
- BIM model has been utilized in the decision making process during the meetings



Building models have been modeled by our office standards





Visualisations of important design solutions





824 Skanska Ruskeasuo Koy Helsingin Kathy

BIM seloste mallin tilanne 28.09.2010

#### Yleistä huomioitavaa:

-malli on monelta osin 3D-kuvia varten tehty. Luettavin pohjapimustuksien vuoksi mallissa käytetty entasojen yhteydessä 3D-lisämerkittyjä tasoja, jotka oltava päällä 3D tarkastelussa, mutta eivät ole näkvyissä pohjatujostelissa.

-monitta osin mallissa ovat rakenne-elementit paikaltaan ja esim. niiden rakennetyypit oikein, mutta puutteitakin vietä on:

- lähes kaikki portaat mallinnettu. (Kaupungin ulkoportaita ei ole mallinnettu, mutta pihakannelta Mannerheimintien jalkaklytävälle johtavat portaat on mallinnettu, Doorsas ja heptunin aulan avoporras on mallinnettu. Portaissas ei ole raikennettyyppiä, mallinnetty.
- palkkeja puuttuu mallista lähinnä Neptun-talosta, Kathyn sisäänvetojen palkit päivittämättä
   sisässiniat menevät reunoilla uikosenien 1/läg" ulkosenien emäviivaan, jotta malli tekee vinojen senien seinäliitokset oiken >> mahdollinen valkutus määrissä tubrimatta

-kevyet sisäseinät on mallinnettu ylemmän taatan siapintaan asti, kantavat laatan läpi, ulkoseinät kerroskorkeuden muksan, ulkoseinissä lisääsi ns. helmoja ja yläosia alimmissa ja ylimmissä osissa -junkivun ulkopuolella ikkunoiden ns. auringonsuojalevyt mallinnettu pelkillä levyillä tässä vaiheessa, kokokin tuosta vietä tarkentunee. kiinnäkeitä ei mallinnetta

- -ulkoseinān perusikkuna on puu-alumini-ikkuna alkaen korosta 700, alla umpiosaa, jossa siis sisākuoribetoni ja eriste, sen päälle tulevaa js-lasia ei mallinneta.
- alakatot pääosin mallinnettu (siitä osin kuin pohjiin alakatot merkitty, saattaa tulla tarve lisätä alakattoja esim. kopiohuoneisiin)
- Kellarien välipohjalaattojen kallistuksia ei mallinneta, kallistuksen korkeus on mukana laatan paksuudessa
- ARK-RAK-IPC yhteensovitustakastelu antoi herjan VSS:n HS-1 luukuista, jotka ovat ark-mallissa suuremmat kuin rak-mallissa. Tämä johtuu siitä, että luukussa on oikeasti avautuva osa sehitei kuukuaukkoa 600x800 suurempi ja se on mallinnettu niin, että työpirustuksiin tulisi oikeannäköinen luukku. Normaalistihan ovilehti on aukkoa pionempi.

-pihan istutusrakenteet ja kasvillisuus päivitetty muuttuneen pihasuunnitelman mukaiseksi. Talojen väliin sijoittuva istutusallas on mallinnettu tasoile "1173 Aldat ja tukimuurit", muurella ei toistaiseksi ole rakennotyyppiä. Muurien korkeus tarkentuu myöhemmin. Pihapäällysteet mallinnettu tasoile 1153. (Valha 2 pihaluonnos tasoila 11531.)

- -kellarissa tarkennettu seiniä rakennesuunnitelmien mukaiseksi
- keittiösuunnitelma tuotu "kuvana" pla-tiedostoon, kylmähuoneita ei ole mallinnettu

Savuosastointimuutoksen lisäovet mallinnettu atriumin reunoille ja porrashuoneisiin.

#### Mallissa oikein:

- -asiat pääosin oikeitta tasoilla
- -kerroskorkeudet
- -seinät pääosin
- -ikkunat ja ovet oikein
- -laatat aukkoineen (isot aukotukset)
- -seinien rakennetyypit, RAK-rakennetyyppejä, täydennetty malliin "alatyypeillä" esim.

During the project we provide BIM for all the other participants once a month in .ifc and .pla (3D dwg) format

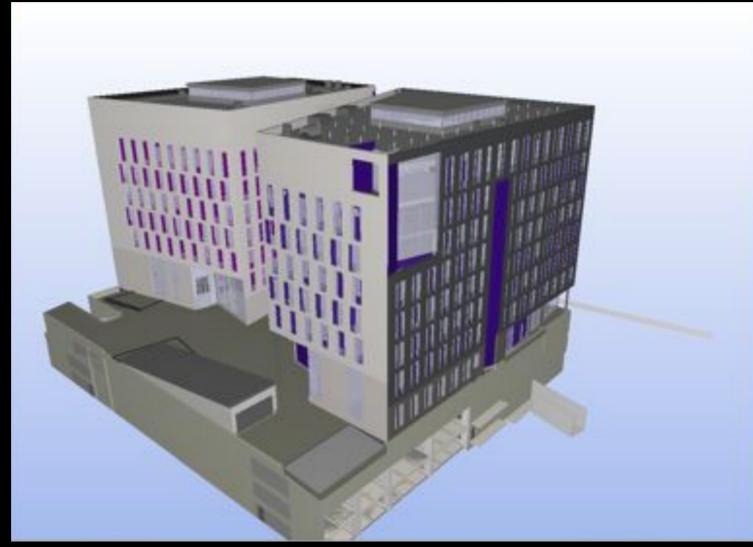
#### **BIM Model Report**

- · Is delivered every time with the model
- Which information is final, what has been changed and data that is still preliminary

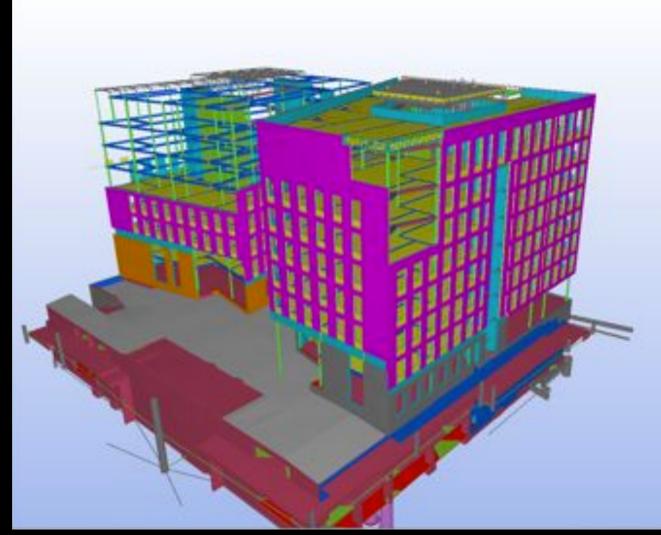
#### BIM desingner meetings

- After updating and checking of combination model
- Between designers

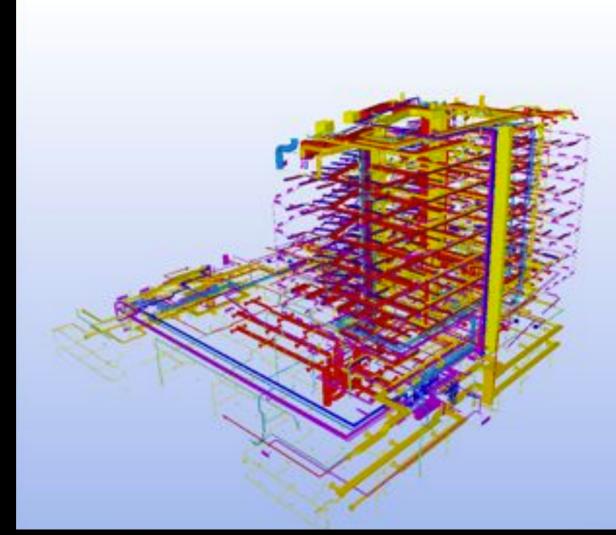
# Checking the compatibility with Solibri Model Checker



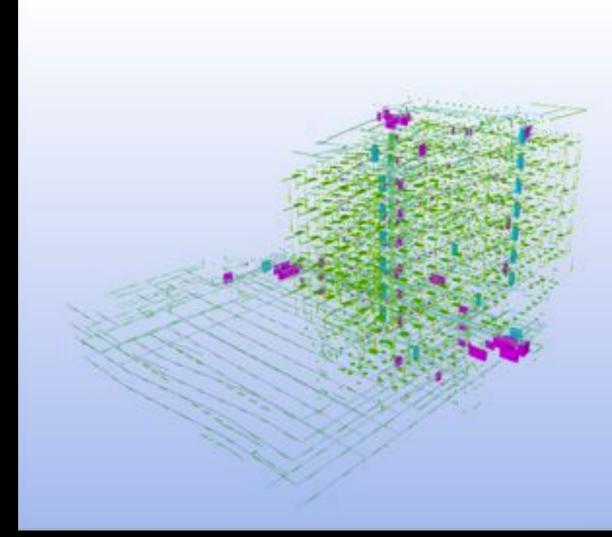
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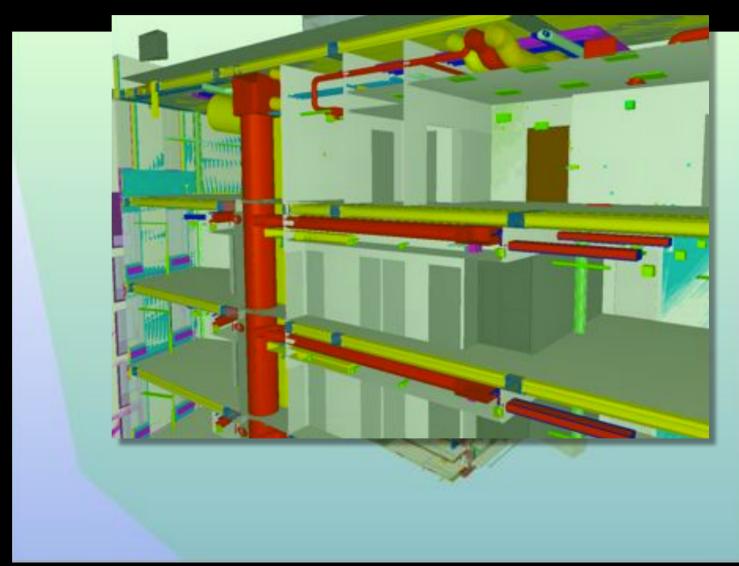
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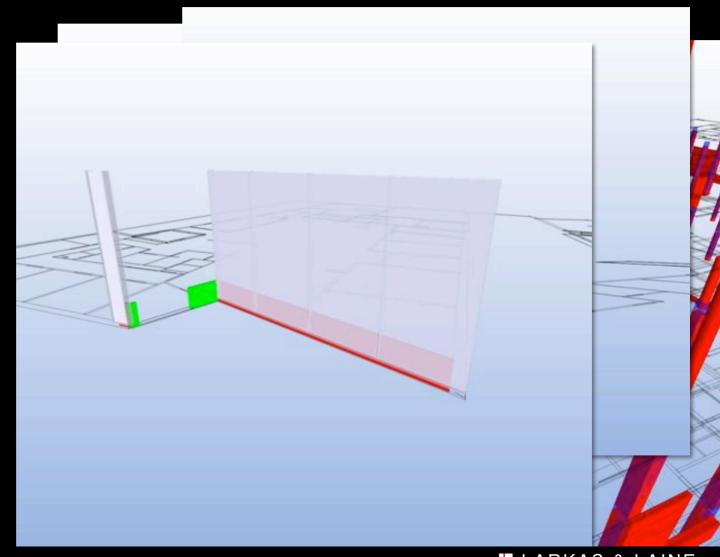
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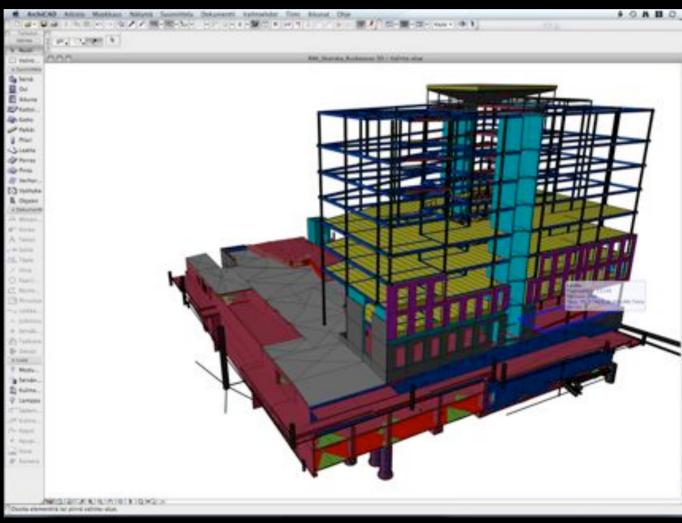
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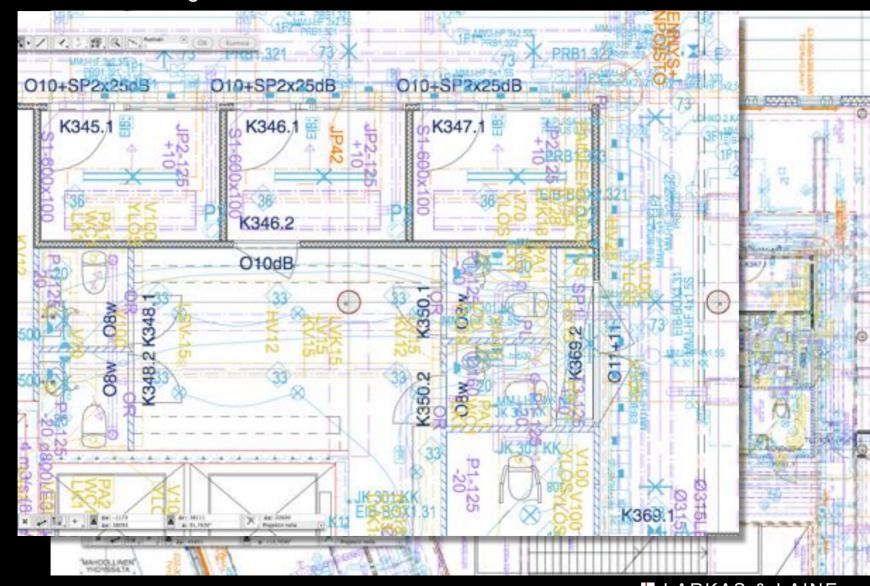
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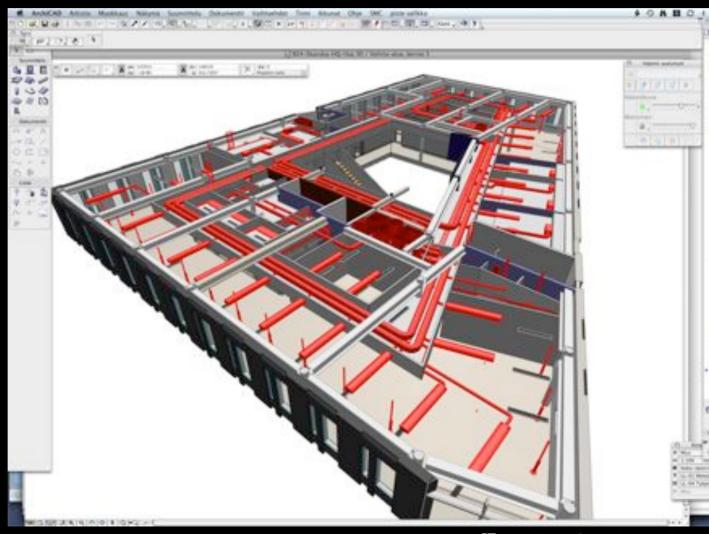
#### Structural engineer's Tekla-model IFC-imported in Archicad



# HVAC and electrical designs in Archicad in traditional 2D



## HVAC and electrical designs IFC-imported in Archicad



## **CHALLENGES**

#### SITUATION 2009

Technical limitations of software (IFC dialects)

 Lack of common interest in modeling and use of BIM

- Lack of guidelines
- Variations in personal skills
- One way communication
- Still pilot projects
- Unrealistic expectations



#### **CHALLENGES**

#### SITUATION 2009

- Technical limitations of software (IFC dialects)
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#### **NOW 2012**

- Is being developed all the time, not a big problem anymore
- Some customers still uncertain of benefits vs costs, lack of knowledge
- Common BIM Requirements 2012, published in Finland last spring. When widely in use?
- It just takes time...
- Combination models already in use. Real integration of the desingners models are challenge
- If BIM used widely and in every stages
- Still on the scene. Lack of knowledge, customers / end users don't know how and what to order

#### FUTURE FOR DESIGNING WITH BIM

- From pilot projects to construction industry standard
- Not only a method to create quality designs but also a tool to ensure the quality of buildings
- Better opportunity to test various design solutions in the early phase of a project

• Utilizing the benefits of Building Information Model during the entire lifespan of the

building

- Development of software to streamline the interaction of information between all project participants ie. Authoroties, consumer
- All design fields contributing 3D information



